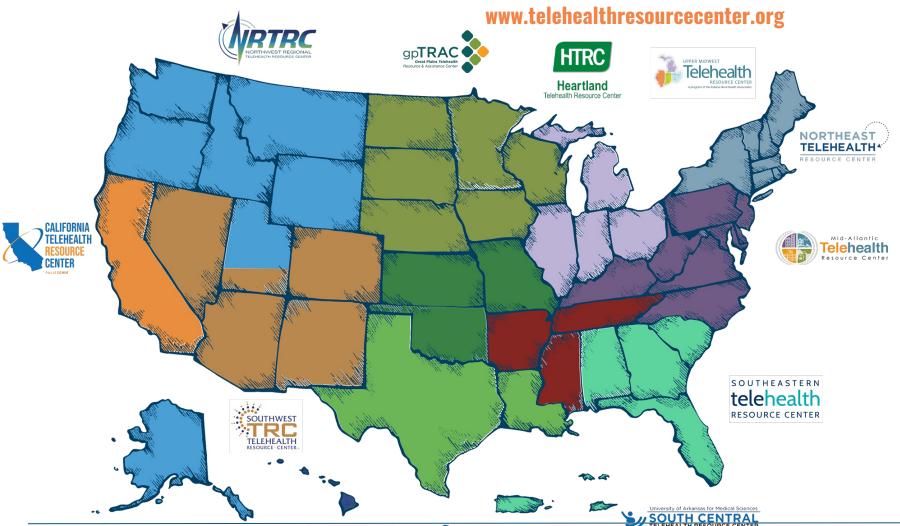


Virtually Forgotten: Rural West Texas Telehealth Challenges and Opportunities

September 21, 2023



HRSA Funded Telehealth Resource Centers



NRTRC	gpTRAC	NETRC
CTRC	HTRC	UMTRC
SWTRC	SCTRC	MATRC
PBTRC	TexLa	SETRC
12 REGIONAL RESOURCE CENTERS		









Telehealth Awareness Week

- Telehealth Awareness Week –
 September 17 23
- Visit <u>www.telehealthawareness.org</u> for more information!
- For additional telehealth awareness events, visit the NCTRC events page at www. telehealthresourcecenter.org/events/



#TelehealthIsHealth



National Consortium of Telehealth Resource Centers (NCTRC)



For more information, visit **TelehealthAwareness.org**



Webinar Tips and Notes

- Your phone &/or computer microphone has been muted.
- If we do not reach your question, please contact your regional TRC.
 There may be delays in response time:
 https://telehealthresourcecenter.org/contact-us/
- Please fill out the post-webinar survey.
- Closed Captioning is available.
- Please submit your questions using the Q&A function.
- The webinar is being recorded.
- Recordings will be posted to our YouTube Channel:

https://www.youtube.com/c/nctrc



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- Any information provided in today's talk is not to be regarded as legal advice. Today's talk is purely for informational purposes. Always consult with legal counsel.
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TEXAS TECH UNIVERSITY HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER.

at the Permian Basin

Timothy Benton, M.D., FAAFP

- Dr. Benton received his medical degree from the TTUHSC School of Medicine in 1994 and completed a residency in Family Medicine from the University of Texas Health Center at Tyler. In addition, he completed a faculty development fellowship from the Keck School of Medicine with the University of Southern California in 2006.
- Dr. Benton joined the TTUHSC School of Medicine faculty in Amarillo in 2005, where he served as the Associate Residency Program Director and eventually the Program Director. In 2012, he was recruited to be the Regional Chair of the Department of Family and Community Medicine in the Permian Basin where he began focusing his energies on the residency program and patient care.
- Since 2021 Dr. Benton has served as the regional dean and a Jan & Ted Roden endowed Chair for Permian Basin Campus.





Permian Basin

Though named after the Permian Period, the Permian Basin got its start as many as 1.3 billion years ago as tectonic shifts started molding the West Texas landscape into what it is today. During the Permian Period, seas teaming with flora and fauna covered the area's basins. Later, these oceans would dry up, leaving behind the organic matter that would later turn into rich petroleum deposits.





TTUHSC SOM -Permian Basin

This TTUHSC regional campus, located in Odessa, is home to residencies in Internal Medicine, Family and Community Medicine (incorporating 6 rural counties), Psychiatry, Surgery and Obstetrics and Gynecology with fellowships in Cardiology, Endocrinology, Child and Adolescent Psychiatry (and start July '24 Pulmonology and Critical Care).

We provide medical education to third and fourth-year medical students in all six core specialties, including Family Medicine, Internal Medicine, Obstetrics and Gynecology, Pediatrics, Psychiatry, and Surgery.



Permian Basin (West Texas) Challenges

- Expansive Geography (Travel time/distance)
- Largely Rural/Frontier (Limited Resources)
- Urban Centers are Relatively Small
- Health Professional Shortage Difficult to Recruit
 - Not just physicians
- Community Health Rankings Low Comparatively in State
- Healthcare Disparities
- Broadband



How Big Is West Texas?



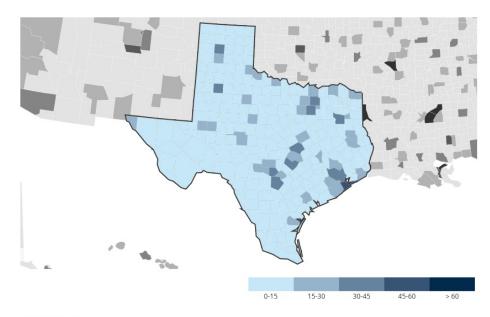
Critical Economically

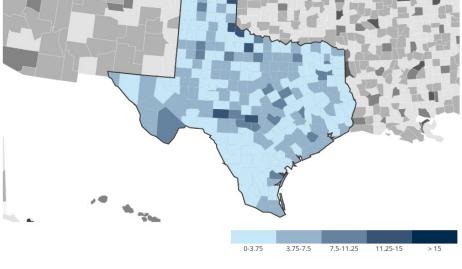
Food

Fiber

Fuel







RHI hub

Note: Rates are calculated using US Census annual population estimates. Source: <u>HRSA Area Health Resources Files, 2020-2021</u>. RHI hub

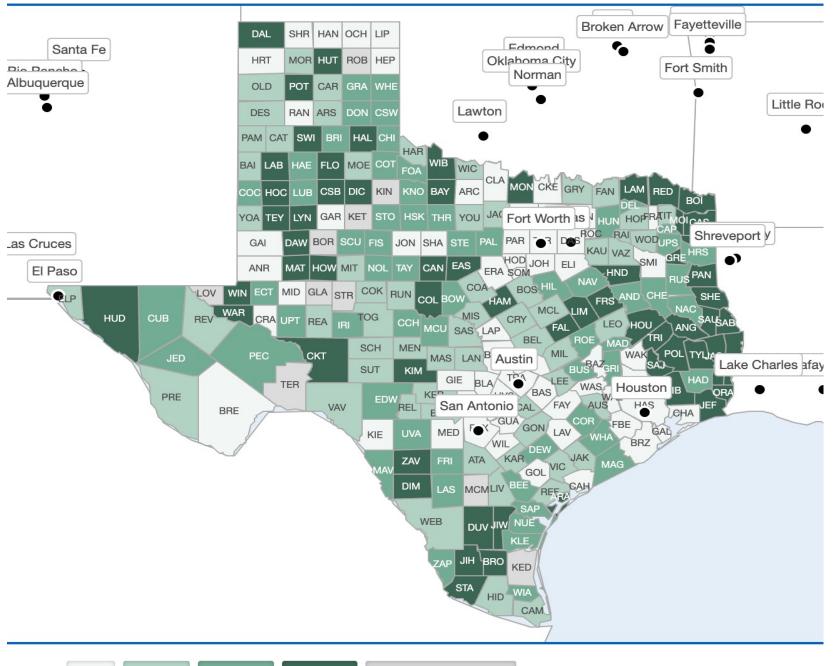
Note: Rates are calculated using US Census annual population estimates.

Source: HRSA Area Health Resources Files, 2020-2021.

Total Physicians per 10,000 people

Primary Care Physicians per 10,000 people





County Health Rankings



The Health at Home Framework

Based on findings from a literature search, subject matter expert input and interviews with 10 organizations, we developed a Health at Home framework to represent the types of services that are being or can be delivered in the home setting and the infrastructure necessary for doing so successfully.

Fig 1. At the center of the Health at Home Model is the patient's home environment, the place where care is being delivered. The model outlines the types of care (i.e. ambulatory, on demand, transitional, acute and end of life) a patient may receive in their home environment and the tools needed to deliver that care.





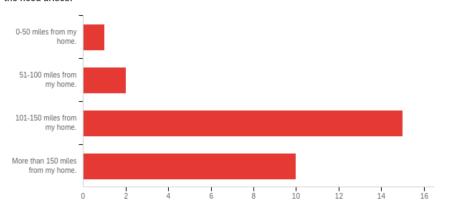




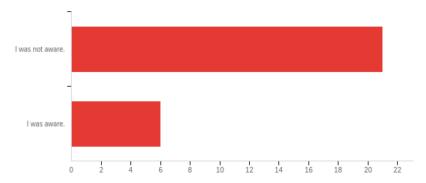


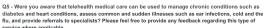
San Vicente, Texas – Survey (population 286)

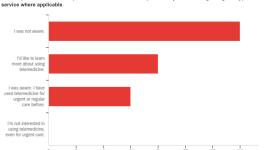
Q2 - Please provide an estimate of the distance you travel for regular or emergency medical care when the need arises:

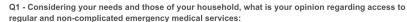


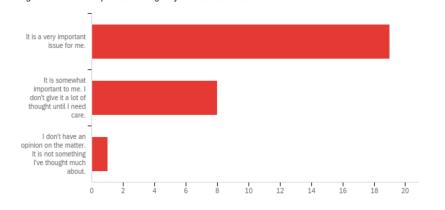
Q4 - Did you know that telemedicine stations, such as the one proposed for San Vicente, include exam equipment that relay images and results to the attending physician in real-time? These include an otoscope for examining inside the ear, stethoscope, blood oxygen device, blood pressure and diabetes testing equipment, ... and other tools found in an exam room.



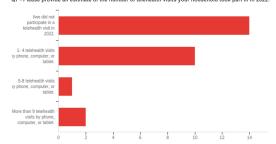








Q7 - Please provide an estimate of the number of telehealth visits your household took part in in 2022:





at the Permian Basin



Terlingua, Texas, (population 127)



Balmorhea, Texas, (population 398)



St. Lawrence Catholic Church, Garden City, Texas (population 292)



Coynosa, Texas, (population 205)



Medicine on the Move

Center of Excellence for Diabetes and Endocrinology

Internal Medicine Residency Program

Cardiology Fellowship Pulmonology Fellowship Critical Care Fellowship

Obstetrics and Gynecology

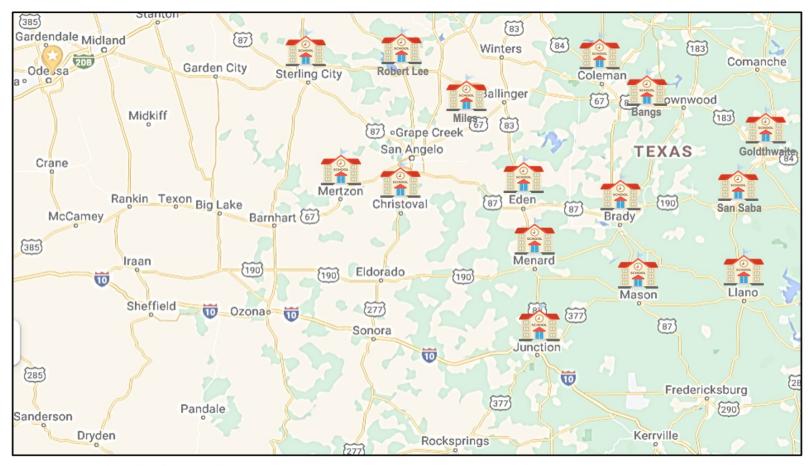
Maternal Fetal Medicine



SCHOOL OF MEDICINE



School-based Telehealth – US Congress District 11



Mental Health

Primary Care

District 11 School-Based Telehealth Clinics

Kimble County, Junction ISD McCulloch County, Brady ISD Concho County, Eden ISD Coke County, Robert Lee ISD San Saba County, San Saba ISD Mills County, Goldthwaite ISD Menard County, Menard ISD Coleman County, Coleman ISD Irion County, Metzon ISD Llano County, Llano ISD Runnels County, Miles ISD Brown County, Bangs ISD Sterling County, Sterling City ISD Mason County, Mason ISD Tom Green County, Christoval ISD



So why are we doing this?

- No Longer Forgotten People
- Call to Action for Healthcare Needs
- Limited Resources
- The School of Medicine Sits at the Center
- Economic Engine in Texas (Rural Contributes)

77045C Vision: Transform Healthcare Through Innovation and Collaboration

What Does the Literature Suggest – Limited Review

"Telehealth Interventions and Outcomes Across Rural Communities in the United States: Narrative Review" Butzner M, Cuffee Y. Journal of Medical Internet Research. 2021;23(8).

- Acceptability and increased satisfaction
- Lower healthcare resource utilization
- Improved physician recruitment and retention
- Improved access
- Included: mental health, reproductive/women's issues, osteoporosis, orthopedics, stroke, cancer, substance abuse, ophthalmology, emergency medicine

"Early Patient-centered Outcomes Research Experience with the Use of Telehealth to Address Disparities: Scoping Review" Bailey JE, Gurgol C, Pan E, et al. Journal of Medical Internet Research. 2021;23(12).

- PCORI has funded 89 telehealth effectiveness studies (41 assessed disparities)
- What's most effective:
 - Patient-centered
 - Culturally tailored
 - Actively guided by the patients (customer centered design)
- Best Practices:
 - Delivered by trusted intermediaries (local)
 - Close partnership with payers
 - Safeguards of health information sharing

What Does the Literature Suggest – Limited Review

Telemedicine in the Drivers Seat: New Role for Primary Care Access in Brazil and Canada. Argarwal P, et al. Canadian Family Physician. 2020;66(2).

- Both countries have scaled models widely and have similar expansive geography
- Both have similar "rural factors": socioeconomic burden, fewer health services, lower use of healthcare
- Both have regulatory issues limiting use
- Both found sub-specialty access amenable and reduced travel

School-based Telemedicine and Reduced Avoidable Emergency Care Among Rural Pediatric Patients. Mayfield CA, et al. Telemedicine and 3-Health. May 2023. https://doi.org/10.1089/TMA.2023.013.

• Bottomline: In varying mathematical models unnecessary ED visits reduced 26-32%



Any Questions?

Our Next Webinar

The NCTRC Webinar Series

Occurs 3rd Thursday of every month.

Telehealth Topic: The Southern Regional Disaster Response System (SRDRS)

A Comprehensive Overview

Hosting TRC: Southeastern Telehealth Resource Center (SETRC)

Date: October 19, 2023

Times: 11 AM – 12 PM (PT)

*Please check the NCTRC website for more information on the upcoming webinar.



Please Complete Our Survey

Your opinion of this webinar is valuable to us.

Please participate in this brief perception survey (will also open after webinar):

https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/XK7R72F

